



SATURDAY EVENING, OCT. 21, 1899

As was, and naturally might have been, expected, the bolters of 1896 having justly forfeited the respect and confidence of the democratic party, and lost all hope of ever again regaining either, have resolved to repeat their performance in 1900 and to do all they can to elect the next republican national ticket, and thereby to perpetuate the high tariff, the trusts and gold monometallism, and to continue to support the government by taxes levied upon the necessities of the poor, while the surplus incomes of the rich shall remain exempt from taxation. Those of Baltimore, headed by Mr. Cowen, president of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, reorganized last night and resolved to assist the republicans of Maryland to the full extent of their power. Until that crowning woe and horror of the South, the war between the States, the people of Maryland had Southern feelings, and the majority of them, have now, but how such men, in view of what the South has suffered in the past, and will suffer in the future, from the republican party, can favor the prolonged ascendancy of that party, is more than many unsophisticated people can tell. But public spirit and patriotism shriek in the face of greed and avarice.

IN THE battle of Glencoe yesterday, where the English are reported to have gained a great victory, the chief credit of that victory is attributed to the Irish Fusiliers, and yet Mr. Michael Davitt, in the British Parliament last night, characterized the war upon the Boers as a "hideous and damnable massacre," and Mr. William Redmond and other Irish leaders in that body also denounced the war and opposed the bill making an appropriation for its prosecution. Indeed, it seems that the Irish will fight gallantly for any cause except for that of their own country. In the war between the States, here, the most efficient soldiers the Confederates had to fight, were the Irish regiments and brigades from the North.

THOUGH the court has dismissed the motion for habeas corpus in the case of Captain Carter, who has been convicted of robbing the government of a million and a half dollars and sentenced to the penitentiary therefor, the captain will probably be released on bail until his appeal be heard, which may not be for months, during which period the Presidential nomination will have been made, and the "pull" he has upon the administration will have had time to exert its full effect and be unimpaired. A million and a half and a strong pull are hard to beat.

THE Mayor of Atlanta is a wise man in his day and generation. He has vetoed a bill prohibiting betting in that city, for the reason that it is no worse to bet on horse and boat races, or on cards, than on a change in the price of grain or stocks and bonds.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.

Washington, October 21.

John K. Cowan, president of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, testified before the Industrial Commission this morning. He said about 25,000 men are employed on his outside of the associated roads having business and ticket agreements with his system. He denied that there is any agreement between his and any other road whereby men discharged from one are blacklisted and prevented from securing employment on the other. Twelve hours are considered a day's work, though the clerks in the offices as a usual rule do not work longer than eight or nine. The savings banks established for the employees pay an annual profit of 52 per cent. to the depositors. All the employees of the system contribute regularly to the relief department and in case of sickness or injury are provided for. In case of death the relatives of the deceased receive a certain sum. He denied the charge that the employees of his road are prevented from joining the relief association or department. Mr. Cowan said that when the men received benefits from the relief department they signed a release or agreement not to sue for damages. They had the option, however, of suing for damages and relinquishing their benefits in the fund. There was nothing compulsory about the matter whatever.

The annual report of Prof. E. K. Rawson, Superintendent of Naval War Records, just published, says the publication will be completed in about 30 week volumes instead of running along interminably without any end in view, as in the case of the army civil war records. Nine volumes have been printed and the 12th will be ready by next July. There will be needed for the work next year \$33,000, the amount appropriated by Congress last year was \$19,000—having been found inadequate.

The Navy Department received the following cable from Venezuela this afternoon: Andrade, with partially disabled army brought with him from Caracas, sailed early this morning, 21st, in gunboats and transport. Andrade went northward. The other vessel westward. Destination unknown. Seventy Vermonters called on and were received by President McKinley this morning. They are on their way home, having visited the field of Gettysburg to witness the dedication of the monument to the 13th Vermont volunteers who held the right of the

NEWS OF THE DAY.

District elections in San Domingo were in favor of General Jimenez. He will enter upon his duties as president December 1.

A dispatch from Manila says that the Filipino Junta will send representatives to Washington this winter to present the Filipino cause.

The new issue of \$1 and \$2 silver certificates by the Treasury Department have begun to circulate. The ones are familiar, and a sample of the \$2 has been received at the sub-treasury.

Before issuing their circular letter appealing for contributions to the campaign fund, the republican State committee of Ohio is said to have consulted members of the civil service commission.

In Philadelphia yesterday Ellery P. Ingham, ex-United States district attorney, and Harvey K. Newitt, his partner and former assistant district attorney were found guilty of conspiracy and bribery in connection with the revenue stamp counterfeiting plot headed by William M. Jacobs and William L. Kendig, the Lancaster cigar manufacturer.

The House of Commons yesterday by a vote of 271 against 32, voted the credit of 10,000,000 pounds sterling to defray the cost of the campaign in South Africa. The mobilization of the English army has been completed. Irish members opposed the supplementary army estimates. Michael Davitt, nationist, member for South Mayo, characterized the war as a "hideous and damnable massacre."

Joe Choyinski, of California, whipped Jimmy Ryan, of Australia, in the seventh round of their fight last night, in Broadway Athletic Club in New York. Choyinski was far the cleverer, and the result was expected. Jake Kilrain, the former heavy-weight boxer, and for a time the world's champion in his class, was practically put to sleep last night in five rounds by Steve O'Donnell, of Australia, before the Eureka Athletic Club in Baltimore.

Three Filipino officers entered Angeles yesterday and applied to General MacArthur for permission for a Filipino major-general, to visit General Oles in order to discuss peace terms and to arrange for the delivery of more American prisoners, as well as to consider methods for the release of the Spanish prisoners. The request was referred to Gen. Oles. The native officers are expected to return today to receive his answer.

A dispatch from Caracas, Venezuela, says: The revolution is over. President Andrade has lost. He has been forced to accept the ultimatum of Gen. Castro, leader of the revolutionists. Early yesterday morning the President escaped from the capital, going to La Guayra. Andrade's action was undoubtedly influenced by the fact that he suddenly found himself without military support. General Andrade, commander of the government forces, having deserted to the insurgents. General Castro will enter the capital unopposed.

MEMORIAL BRIDGE AND MOUNT VERNON AVENUE.

Brig. Gen. John M. Wilson, Chief of Engineers of the Army, has submitted his annual report to the War Department, in which he revives the plan for building a memorial bridge across the Potomac and a boulevard from Washington to Mount Vernon. He recommends that Congress take action to have the early commencement of the work, which it is estimated will cost between \$1,000,000 and \$2,000,000. The report in part follows:

"Congress has given much favorable consideration of the construction of a memorial bridge across the Potomac river to the National cemetery at Arlington, and consideration has also been given to a national boulevard connecting Arlington with Mt. Vernon. Several reports with plans and approximate estimates have been submitted by officers of the Corps of Engineers in response to calls by Congress since 1886. The act of June 4, 1898, appropriated \$250,000 for making soundings and borings and securing designs and estimates for a memorial bridge. This amount was applied to the purpose for which appropriated to as full an extent as the amount permitted, and the report of the survey, etc., was submitted March 19, 1898.

"The act of Congress approved February 23, 1899, appropriated \$100,000 for a survey for a national road from a point near the end of the Aqueduct Bridge to Mount Vernon. The report upon this survey is printed. From such report the following quotation is given:

"What, then, is the object? It is to commemorate the virtues of the greatest character in American history. It is to satisfy the cravings of a patriotic sentiment that fills the hearts of the American people to honor the name of Washington. It is to keep alive the memory of his character and virtues which tend to make us all better citizens of the republic. A road, therefore, built from the capital of the nation to the tomb of its founder would not be such as is built for ordinary traffic. It should have the character of a monumental structure, such as would comport the dignity of this great nation and in such an undertaking and the grandeur of character of the man to whom it is dedicated.

"Inviting attention to the report of Col. Peter C. Hains, Corps of Engineers, upon the proposed boulevard, I earnestly recommend Congressional action looking toward the early commencement of this great national enterprise. The estimated cost varies from \$1,000,000 to \$2,000,000, depending upon the route selected, the width of road proposed, and the character of the road covering. Several lines have been suggested for the road, varying in length from about 14 to 16 miles.

"The sundry civil act of March 3, 1899, contained an act as follows: 'Memorial bridge across Potomac river: To enable the Chief of Engineers to make the examination of the subject and to make or secure designs, calculations and estimates for a memorial bridge from the most convenient point of the Naval Observatory grounds, or adjacent thereto, across the Potomac river to the most convenient point of the Arlington estate property, the sum of five thousand dollars.'

"In accordance with the provisions of this act and by authority of the President of the United States and the secretary of War, four eminent bridge engineers have been invited to submit preliminary designs for a bridge combining the elements of strength and durability, and such architectural embellishment and ornamentation as will fitly apply to the dedication. 'A memorial to American patriotism.'

"It is anticipated that the distinguished engineers now preparing designs for the bridge will submit them by January 16, 1900, and that the matter will be brought to the attention of Congress by a special report during the month of February, 1900.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

A large school of whales was sighted off Virginia Beach yesterday morning. They were headed southward.

The Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad will expend nearly \$2,000,000 in enlarging its terminals at Newport News.

Mr. Wallace McRae, son of the late Colonel Sherwin McRae, for several years the State Librarian, died in Richmond last night.

The cornerstone of the new First Presbyterian Church at Newport News was laid yesterday afternoon, with Masonic ceremonies.

The Presbyterians of the Haymarket locality, after holding a protracted meeting at Wise's Chapel, have organized the parish and chapel as a church, with Rev. Mr. McClung, of Fauquier, as pastor.

It is stated that notwithstanding the counter-instructions of Loudoun county, W. H. Lewis, the flatter nominee for the House of Delegates will obey instructions of the democratic county committee of Fauquier, and support Senator Martin.

Mr. Robert T. Barton, one of the leading lawyers of Winchester, was elected mayor of that city by the Common Council last night to fill the unexpired term of the late John W. Williams. Mr. Barton was also elected commander of Turner Ashby Camp, Confederate Veterans, to succeed Col. Williams.

The two companies of the Richmond Light Infantry Blues were mustered into the service of the State last night, and the Blues Battalion was reorganized as an independent battalion. Maj. Sol Cutchins, who commanded the battalion before the Cuban war, was re-elected.

Dr. John S. Davis and Dr. William A. Lambeth have returned to Charlottesville from Lexington, where they went at the request of the State Board of Health to examine into the cause of fever at the Virginia Military Institute. The cause has been discovered and is one easily removed.

The Rockbridge baths, including the hotels, barns and a farm of 100 acres, have been sold to Mr. Walter E. L. Stark for \$7,000. This property was once famous as a summer resort, and was an attraction before the civil war. For the past twenty years it has been used as a sanitarium.

The board of Sinking Fund Commissioners of Virginia opened yesterday for \$115,000 of century bonds, advertised for on behalf of the State. There were twelve bids, Parson, Leach & Co., brokers, of New York, submitted the lowest bid, which was \$684. Their bid was accordingly accepted.

The number of independent candidates for the Legislature this year by long odds exceeds anything known in Virginia politics. The reports received thus far indicate that 64 of this class have entered the race, and from official notice of their candidacy 9 of these 7 republicans and 2 independents—candidates for the Senate, and 55 for the House.

The unveiling of the Confederate monument at Parkley, yesterday which was erected by Harmonson West Camp, in memory of their dead comrades of Accomac and Northampton, was witnessed by about two thousand people. Nearly all of the surviving members, coming from all parts of the State, were present. Mr. B. B. Mumford, of Richmond, was the orator.

Floyd and Jack Allen, two brothers, got into a row near Gladesboro, Carroll county, yesterday, and both were fatally shot. Floyd shot his brother through the stomach. Jack was also shot in the leg and hit with a rock. After this Jack raised up and shot his brother in the head. An old feud was the cause of the bad blood between the brothers. They were prominent men of the neighborhood.

Attorney-General A. J. Montague will speak Monday at Halifax Court House. In view of the fact that Mr. Montague was a prominent advocate of the May conference, his appearance on the stump now will attract special interest. The Attorney-General will, it is understood, take strong ground against expansion and trusts, oppose the sale of the State's oyster grounds to a syndicate and endorse the Chicago platform.

THE YACHTS.

As stated in the Gazette of that date, the Columbia yesterday won the third international yacht race with the Shamrock for the challenge cup, thus bringing the races to a close. Although there were but two actual races, the Columbia conclusively demonstrated her superiority and proved that she could have won five as easily as three.

For the eleventh time the attempt of a foreigner to wrest from America the yachting supremacy of the world has failed. The trophy won by the old schooner America forty-eight years ago will still remain in this country. The intrinsic value of the reward which hundreds of thousands of dollars have been expended to secure is small—simply an antiquated piece of silverware, which Queen Victoria offered to the victor in sailing ship in the world in the early days of her reign. To Sir Thomas Lipton, whose name is now added to the list of defeated aspirants for the honor of carrying the cup back across the Atlantic, failure was a crushing blow. His hope had been high. But, like the true sportsman that he is, the sting of defeat has left no bitterness, and with undaunted courage, he intimates that he may be back with a better boat to try again. During his stay Sir Thomas yesterday acknowledged that the Columbia was the better boat long before the race was finished. He said that she had beaten the Shamrock in weather just suited to his yacht, and he was one of the first on the Erin to admit the defeat of the challenger. He said that he was pleased that there had been a good breeze for the last contest, because it precluded the possibility of any excuse for the Shamrock. He paid graceful compliments to the Columbia, her owner and designer, and declared that he had received the best and fairest treatment that could have been accorded. As soon as the Columbia had crossed the finishing line Sir Thomas ordered that the Stars and Stripes should be run to the masthead, and then with the Erin ran alongside the victorious yacht he called for "three British cheers" for her. These were given and were heartily responded to by the crew of the Columbia.

A movement to present to Sir Thomas a handsome loving cup, the gift of the whole American people, has been started in New York and is an assured success. The Pullman Palace Car Company has bought out the Wagner Company,

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Still Fighting.

Lady Smith, Natal, Oct. 21.—Some of the cavalry are still chasing the Boers to the eastward. Yesterday's fighting demonstrated the accuracy of the Boers' rifle fire, which does not seem to have deteriorated since 1881. The loss on the English side, especially among the officers, was particularly heavy. The Boer artillery, however, was worthless, permitting the British artillery to demolish the Boers before the infantry charged. Gen. Symons' condition is critical.

Glencoe, Oct. 21.—The British lost 41 men killed in yesterday's battle. Of these 10 were officers. Twenty-two officers were wounded. The total list of wounded is 173. The British casualties include, besides Gen. Symons, who was mortally wounded, Col. Becker, wounded seriously; Col. Sherston, killed; Col. Adam, wounded seriously, and Majors Hammersey and Davison, severely wounded. The Dublin Fusiliers, who figured in the charge on the Boers' position, lost one captain killed and two captains wounded, one lieutenant killed and one wounded and four men killed and thirty wounded. The Royal Irish Fusiliers lost one captain killed and one wounded and one lieutenant killed and three wounded. The King's Royal Rifles had a lieutenant killed, one major wounded, one captain killed and two wounded, one lieutenant killed and three wounded, and eleven men killed and 68 wounded. The 18th Hussars had three lieutenants wounded.

London, Oct. 21.—Gen. Sir William Penn Symons, who commanded the victorious British forces at the battle of Glencoe Hill, has been appointed a major-general by the Queen for distinguished services. Gen. Symons was wounded in the fight.

It is rumored in official circles that Gen. Symons has died.

Capetown, Oct. 21.—A train has arrived at Jagersfontein, Orange Free State, with seventy wounded Boers.

The Boers in Cape Colony, north of Kimberley, are joining the Orange Free State forces. They swear they will capture Kimberley with both Rhodes and Jameson.

Portsmouth, Eng., Oct. 21.—Preparations for a special service squadron are being pushed here.

London, Oct. 21.—A brigade of the Guards left London for South Africa this morning, amid scenes of the wildest enthusiasm which was greatly stimulated by the British successes at Glencoe yesterday. Today is the anniversary of the battle of Trafalgar and furnishes a convenient outlet for the patriotic feeling. Nelson's column in Trafalgar Square is decorated and the city is bright with flags.

Glencoe, Oct. 21.—The Boers plan to attack Glencoe in three columns yesterday. Only one of the columns, however, came up. The Boer casualties occurred chiefly in the retreat. An official estimate places the Boer casualties at 650.

The London Chronicle says today that if the news of the British success yesterday at Glencoe is true then Kruger's army in Natal is seriously, if not fatally crippled. The Boers will probably confine themselves henceforth to guerrilla warfare. All of the papers comment on the moral effect of a victory which England scarcely counted on scoring so early in the war.

It is stated that the English tax payers will not be affected by the Anglo Boer war, as the entire cost of the war will be assessed against the Transvaal revenues. After the conquest of their country the Boers will pay the bill.

FROM MANILA.

Manila, Oct. 21.—General Lawton is busy at San Isidro establishing his base for the northern campaign. The Rio Grande has risen a trifle and some cases laden with supplies have been worked up from Calumpit, but most of the transportation is done by horses and mules.

There is a new Filipino peace commission trying to come through at Angeles. It is not known what they will propose. General Oles will probably not receive them at Manila, but a meeting may be arranged either at Angeles or some other place outside of Manila. One function of the new commission will probably be to try to arrange an exchange of prisoners.

Colonel Rosario, a brother-in-law of Aguinaldo, has died of wounds received at Noveleta.

Bad Accident.

New York, Oct. 21.—A terrible accident occurred on the L road at Myrtle avenue and Bridge street, Brooklyn, at 3:30 this morning. Six persons were dashed forty feet to the ground. Two men will die. All the injured were taken to the Brooklyn hospital, where it was said, two will die. The accident was due to a block at the Bridge street station. The man who was the cause of the accident got away before the police arrived and is unknown. A number of passengers got off a Fifth avenue train beyond there to walk to the station. As they were walking along the narrow path, the train started up. One of the men jumped back on the car steps. As he did so, his body projected out over the path, and he was swept over by the other victims to the street, forty feet below.

Iron King and Oil King at War.

Cleveland, Ohio, Oct. 21.—The fact became known here yesterday that agents of John D. Rockefeller recently offered to sell to Andrew Carnegie the oil king's iron mines, railroads and ships for the sum of \$50,000,000. Carnegie refused to buy, and vessel men say that Rockefeller's recent action in leasing lake steamers for ore transportation followed that refusal. It is believed that the oil magnate is engaged in a great effort to compel the Carnegie interests to buy up his holdings. What the outcome of the fight between the great money kings will be, is a question which is puzzling all the owners of vessel property on the lakes.

The Vanderbilt Will.

New York, Oct. 21.—There is a good deal of gossip about the will of Cornelius Vanderbilt, caused by the delay in presenting the document for probate. The latest story is that Cornelius, Jr., who married against his father's wishes, will be cut off with a ten million dollar share in the estate. It would have been more than twice that sum, it is said, if the young man had not held out against his father's objections to his marriage to Miss Grace Wilson. The will is to be offered for probate next week, it is stated, when it will be definitely learned whether or not young Vanderbilt has sacrificed \$10,000,000 on love's altar.

Foreign News.

Berlin, Oct. 21.—It is reported that Prof. Bergmann successfully performed the operation of trepanning of the Czars at Darmstadt Oct. 14. The Czars are doing well, but has been ordered to make

a long stay at Darmstadt. Brussels, Oct. 21.—News has been received here of another battle in the Congo Free State. A force of troops attacked the insurgent Bakuders, killing 300 of the natives.

The Markets.

New York, Oct. 21.—The market closed as follows: Wheat—Dec 70a69½. Georgetown, Oct. 21.—Wheat 65a72.

THE AQUEDUCT BRIDGE.

In his annual report Brig.-Gen. Wilsons, Chief of Engineers of the Army, says in reference to the Aqueduct bridge:

"In compliance with Senate resolutions, January 21, 1893, an examination of the pier of this bridge was made with the aid of a diver. A report in detail of the examination was rendered June 21, 1893, and on the 17th of July following an estimate of the cost of repairs was submitted. By act of August 18, 1894, an appropriation of \$51,670 was made for the repairs. Under this appropriation piers Nos. 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, and 8 were repaired by means of Portland cement concrete in bases, placed by a diver, and the repair of pier No. 4, was made by means of a cofferdam within which new masonry was laid in a large eroded cavity at the upstream end of the pier. This work was completed in August, 1895.

"As the work of repairs proceeded it was found that the old masonry of the pier, which was built about 1838, had not been started from solid rock, and that part of it was of poor quality. There was also a crack in the masonry extending nearly throughout the entire height of the pier. It was decided that it would be necessary before long to remove the defective masonry in the remainder of the pier and replace it by masonry of proper quality founded on the solid rock. The existing appropriation was insufficient for this purpose, and it was therefore necessary to ask a further appropriation. As the cofferdam would be needed for the proposed work, it was purchased from the contractors upon completion by them of the work in 1895.

The unexpended balance of the appropriation, amounting to \$4,600 30, was covered in the Treasury.

"A full report and estimate of the cost of removing all the old masonry of the pier from the coping down to the bottom and rebuilding from the bottom up was rendered under date of November 30, 1895, and printed as House document No. 158, Fifty-fourth Congress, first session, and in the annual report of the chief of engineers for 1896, page 3886. The cost was estimated at \$65,000, which sum was appropriated for reconstruction of pier No. 4 by act of Congress of June 8, 1896.

"A contract for the work of reconstruction of that pier was made with the Houston Construction Company, of Philadelphia, May 27, and approved May 28, 1897. The total estimated amount of the contract was \$30,000.

"The contract work was to have been completed by November 1, 1897, but the contractors, at their request, were granted an extension of time to June 30, 1899.

"The contractors abandoned the work on the 30th of April, 1899, and in consequence their contract was annulled May 27, 1899. For account of the proceedings reference is made to the annual report for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1899. War had been declared by the United States against Spain, and in view of the expected increase in travel across the bridge resulting from establishment of camps, etc., it was not deemed advisable at that time to undertake a new contract for the work."

A WIFE-BEATER SHOT.—Louis Weaver, who advertised for a wife and found Miss Ruby, of Michigan, whom he married and brought to his home, near Richmond, was shot and killed by Sheriff W. C. Gill, of Chesterfield county, yesterday. Since their marriage Weaver has been cruel to his wife, beating her and threatening to kill her if she ever told anyone about it. He beat her severely on Thursday, and when his wife said she would swear a warrant for his arrest, Weaver said he would kill her if it were done. She swore the warrant, and told the officer what her husband had threatened to do. Sheriff Gill, armed with a double-barreled gun and carrying two deputies with him, went to Weaver's home. After the warrant was read to Weaver he said he might as well die there as anywhere else. He then struck the officer with the gun with which he himself was armed, and Sheriff Gill fired, but missed his assailant. Weaver then tried to shoot the officer, but before he could do so, the sheriff had fired again, and the back of Weaver's head was blown away. The coroner's jury exonerated the sheriff.

MR. BRYAN HISSIED.—For the first time during his visit to Ohio Mr. Bryan was roundly hissed when he appeared at Findlay last night. The tremendous crowd gathered in the city necessitated two meetings, and Mr. Bryan spoke first at the baseball park and then at the Opera House. His entrance upon the stage of the latter evoked applause, but above the cheering the sound of hostile hisses was plainly audible. Once when a police officer endeavored to eject one of the hissing crowd, Mr. Bryan interposed: "I can s and this for half an hour if you have to live in this community all your lives." Finally Mr. Bryan's denunciation of the policy which he claimed refuses independence and liberty to the Philippines was so vehement, impassioned, and persistent that he gained respectful attention, and the applause was greater than the hostile demonstration. Mr. Bryan, however, after his exciting experience was still trembling when he reached his private car.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, ss. LUCAS COUNTY. Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every copy of certain that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE. FRANK J. CHENEY. Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1899.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. Sold by druggists. Price 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

"When our boys were almost dead from whooping cough, our doctor gave One Minute Cough Cure. They recovered rapidly." writes P. B. Belles, Argyle, Pa. It cures coughs, colds, grippe and all throat and lung troubles. Edgar Wardell, Jr., corner King and Pitt streets.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Bishop Potter, of the Protestant Episcopal Church, arrived at San Francisco this morning from New York. He is on his way to the Philippines, where he will establish Episcopal missions.

General Fred Funston, of Kansas, lectured to the students of Stanford University, Cal., last evening on the Philippines. "If Congress would drive out the friars," he said, "and confiscate every inch of church property, the bottom would drop out of the insurrection within a week. Some people returning have spoken of the brutality of our soldiers in the Philippines. I say they are unmitigated liars. Our soldiers never touched the wounded or the dying. They came from the fire into the hospital."

Charles F. DeLong, nephew of the firm of Richardson & DeLong, merchant of the DeLong house and estate, committed suicide this morning by shooting himself in the office of the firm in Philadelphia. DeLong had been dependent upon the success of his wife and the death of his son which occurred recently.

It is reported that a new oil combination is about to be consummated. Many persons are being closed in the Findlay, Lima and Indiana fields. This combination will be practically the only formidable competitor of the Standard Oil Company.

The final details were arranged last night for a twenty-round golf tournament between Peter Mahur for a purse of \$5,000 and the team of the New York Athletic Club, New York, on November 10.

A NEW DOMINION.—In London last night the Press Association announced with an air of authority that the government's plan is to terminate the war in the speediest manner possible after the forts at Pretoria and Johannesburg have been razed, and then to promulgate by order of the Queen in council a constitution for a group of five self-governing States—Cape Colony, the Transvaal, Natal, the Orange River Free State and Rhodesia—under the title of the Dominion of South Africa, the crown to nominate a governor general, and the five States having power each to elect its own lieutenant governor, and to have local legislature, with a dominion parliament to meet at Capetown. With some modifications, the scheme is based upon lines similar to those of the Canadian government.

CHRISTIAN WORKERS MEET. St. Stephen's Episcopal Church, Culpeper, was filled yesterday with an earnest throng of Christian workers, known as the Woman's Auxiliary to the Board of Foreign Missions. Representatives from Culpeper, Brandy, Rapidan, Orange, Madison, Alexandria and Richmond were in attendance. Miss Sallie Stuart, of Alexandria, president and secretary of the Virginia branch, presided over the assembly, her subject being "Responsibilities and Limitations of the Parochial Branch." Mr. Thos. S. Alcock, president of the local branch of the junior auxiliary, also delivered an interesting address. Rev. Preston Nash, of Richmond, delivered an address upon mission work.

He Fooled the Surgeons. All doctors told Benick Hamilton, of West Jefferson, O., after suffering five months from Rectal Fistula, he would die unless a costly operation was performed; but he cured himself with five boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the surest cure on Earth, and the best Salve in the World. Only 25c. a box. Sold by E. S. Leadbeater & Sons, Druggists.

Woodward & Lothrop
10th, 11th and F Sts., N.W.

Boys' School Clothing.

300 very fine All-wool Fancy Mixed Cloths and Casimere Suits, also a goodly collection of Navy Blue Cheviots and Worsters. A collection of very attractive and stylish suits in sizes 8 to 16.

Special Price, \$3.75 Each. Many Worth \$5.00.

200 Double-breasted Wool Suits in tail and pretty patterns. A slightly and very fine suit for school or play; sizes 8 to 16.

Special Price, \$2.50 Each. Many Worth \$3.75.

Girls' School Clothing.

A lot of Girls' School Dresses of wool, flannel, in camel's hair effects; very pretty designs in a good assortment of patterns and colors; made in two styles; sizes 6 to 14 years.

Special Price, \$2.25 Each.

Girls' New All-wool Henrietta shirt-Waists, with vertical tucks front and back—red, navy, black and royal; sizes 10 to 16.

Special Value, \$1.35 Each.

Exceptionally stylish Jackets for the young miss, in all the new effects—short, flared styles; also, the box effects, at prices ranging from

\$10.00 to \$20.00 Each.

Books for Boys and Girls.

Special sale of Books exactly suited to the needs of Sunday-school libraries, at about one quarter the publisher's prices. They are bound in cloth and printed in clear type on good paper and contain from 50 to 100 pages.

These five titles only—A Question of Damages, by J. T. Trowbridge. Getting an Indorser, by Oliver Optic. Exiled from Two Lands, by Everett Ruess. Tomlinson.

Publisher's Price, 50c. Our Price, 15c Each.

By mail, to any part of the United States, for 20c each, or the five for \$1.00. Postage paid.

Glove Special.

We offer 100 dozen pairs of Women's clasp Kid Gloves, in tan, brown, red, white, and black with self and black stripes, at

\$1.00 a Pair.

The are extra elastic, finished in a neat and elegant manner and are thoroughly reliable